

מסכת מעשרות

1. Define:
 - (a) עונת המעשרות
 - (b) גמר מלאכה/גורן
 - (c) אכילת קבע
 - (d) אכילת עראי
2. (a) Which species are obligated in tithes **מדאורייתא**?
(b) List 2 of the 3 conditions for produce to be obligated in tithes **מדרבנן**?
3. Name 4 different *acts* that obligate produce in tithes.
4. Why would eating each fruit before the next one is picked off the tree mean that one is exempt from tithing it?
5. (a) If one finds figs which are cut to be dried but haven't yet been dried, may he keep them, and why?
(b) Are they obligated in tithes, and why?
6. What is one possible feature which a courtyard must have to be like a house in order to obligate produce in tithes?
7. List 3 laws for which it makes a difference where a tree is considered to be situated.
8. Why does **שבת** obligate produce in tithes?
9. Describe one of the cases mentioned in the **מסכתא** where if one intends on returning the leftover produce to its original place then it's exempt from tithes.
10. Describe a situation in which produce is considered planted in that it cannot be **טמא**, yet it is exempt from tithes when uprooted.