

Name of Gift	When is it separated?	Which year of the שְׁמִיטָה cycle?	Who gives it?	Who receives it?	Applies to which species?	How much (minimum)?	Allowed to become קָמָח?
פֶּאֶה Edge of field	Separated during/at the end of the harvest	1-6	Farmer	Poor	All crop*	1/60	Yes
לֶקֶט Dropped stalks						1 or 2 (fallen) stalks	
שִׁבְחָה Forgotten stalks						2 sheaves/ forgotten standing grain	
פְּרוֹט Dropped grapes						1 or 2 grapes	
עוֹלָלוֹת Under-developed grapes						All under-developed grapes	
תְּרוּמַת הַדֹּלָה	Separated after the produce has been completely processed	1,2,4,5 3,6	Farmer	Kohen	מִדָּאֲרֵי־תֵמָא Grain (wheat, barley, spelt, oat, rye); wine; oil	1/60 or 1/50 or 1/40	No
מַעְשֵׂר רִאשׁוֹן			Farmer	Levi	מְדוּרְגָּנוֹ All crop**	1/10	Yes
תְּרוּמַת מַעְשֵׂר			Levi	Kohen			No
מַעְשֵׂר שְׁנִי			Farmer	Farmer			No
מַעְשֵׂר עֲנִי			Farmer	Poor			Yes
חֶלֶה	Separated when it's already dough	1-7	Baker	Kohen	The 5 grains (wheat, barley, spelt, oats, rye)	1/24 if for personal use; 1/48 for baker	No

* See ד: א which lists 5 conditions for crop to be obligated in פֶּאֶה

** This follows the majority view amongst the ראשונים

לענין ר' אליהו בן אברהם ז"ל