

TIME MISHNA

key terms

בוא מציג

Concepts and terms:

משיכה - Acquiring an animal by making it move

השבת אבדה - The **מצוה** of returning a lost item to its owner

שטר חוב - A document which records a loan

אחריות נכסים - A hold on somebody's property that allows them to collect their debt from it, even once it has been sold

סימן - A unique aspect of an item which the owner can state to prove that it belongs to him

יאוש - When one gives up hope of retrieving his item

יאוש שלא מדעת - When it's assumed that the owner of an item will have **יאוש** when he finds out that his item is lost but he hasn't yet found out

פריקה - Unloading the load off of an animal

טעינה - Reloading a load onto an animal

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שואל שלא מדעת - One who borrows something without the owner's permission

שליחות יד - When a **שומר** illegally uses the item which he is guarding in a way that causes a loss to the item

חליפין - When two people exchange items and as soon as one of them acquires the item that he is buying, he automatically transfers his item to the other person

קידושין - The first stage of marriage, when the man acquires the woman

מעילה - The prohibition of benefitting from something belonging to the **בית המקדש**

חומש - $\frac{1}{4}$, which is equivalent to $\frac{1}{5}$ of the total amount once $\frac{1}{4}$ has been added

נטע רבעי - Fruit which grows during a tree's 4th year and must be eaten in **ירושלים**

מעשר שני - $\frac{1}{10}$ of one's produce which must be eaten in **ירושלים**

אסמכתא - When an acquisition is invalid due to the seller assuming that the acquisition won't play out

גלגול שבועה - One who is already obligated to swear about something can be forced to swear about other things by extension

ערלה - The prohibition to benefit from fruit which grows in a tree's first 3 years

גר תושב - A non-Jew in **ארץ ישראל** who keeps the **שבע מצוות בני נח**

שבע מצוות בני נח - The 7 **מצוות** which apply to non-Jews

משכון - A deposit which is taken by somebody who is owed money by somebody else in order to make sure that he will be paid

▪ **פריקה** - Unloading the load off of an animal

▪ **טעינה** - Reloading a load onto an animal

▪ **שומר** - One who is responsible to guard somebody else's item

▪ **שומר חנם** - A guard who cannot use the item and isn't paid to guard it

▪ **שומר שכר** - A guard who cannot use the item and is paid to guard it

▪ **שואל** - A borrower

▪ **תשלומי כפל** - A payment of double the item's value which a thief must pay

▪ **תשלומי ארבעה וחמשה** - A payment of 4 or 5 times the item's value in a case where a thief slaughters or sells the sheep or ox that he stole

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- **אונאה** - Over/under-pricing
- **אונאת דברים** - Taking advantage of somebody and causing them pain verbally
- **רבית** - Interest
- **נשך / רבית קצוצה** - Interest which is fixed in advanced as a condition of a loan
- **תרבית** - Business which includes or leads to **רבית**
- **אבק רבית** - A secondary form of interest, i.e. doing a favour for the lender
- **סאה בסאה** - A loan of an amount of produce for the borrower to return the same amount of produce
- **אריס** - One who rents and works a field and pays an agreed percentage of that which the field produces as rent
- **חוכר** - One who rents and works a field and pays an agreed fixed amount of that which the field produces as rent
- **זה נהנה וזה לא חסר** - When a person benefits from something which belongs to somebody else but the owner isn't losing out
- **זה לא נהנה וזה לא חסר** - When the person using something which belongs to somebody else doesn't benefit monetarily and the owner doesn't lose out